Name:			Tidewater Physicians for Women			
SSN:		DOB:	New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire			
Are you	u: 🗆 single	e 🗆 married 🗆 divorced 🗆 widowed 🗆 domestic sar	ne-sex partner			
Gynac	ologic His	tory: (mark all that apply)				
Monetr	ual hietory:	Duration of flow (days) Frequency of cycle	Age at first period			
			Age at ill'st periou			
Date of	i iast. Mam	mogramColonoscopy				
۸ I	I D /-I	and a large transfer and data				
		splasia: treatments and date				
Recent	birth contr		T			
		control pills Depo-provera Nuvaring Condoms				
	Include	date for: Mirena IUD Paragard IUD	Skyla IUD Implanon			
		□ Essure				
		□ Infertility □ Fibroids				
□ Geni	tal herpes	□ Gonorrhea □ Chlamydia □ Pelvic inflammatory dise	ease □ HIV □ HPV/genital warts □ Syphilis			
Medica	ations Incl	uding Vitamins and Herbs (list name, dose and frequenc				
1		4	7			
2		5	8			
		6	9			
Drug A	Allergies a	nd Adverse Reaction:				
						
Past o	r Current I	Medical History (conditions are currently or have been tr	eated): None			
1 451 0	- Ouriciit i	medical filotory (conditions are duffering of have been a	<u>cateaj.</u>			
□ Aner	mia	□ Heart	condition			
		nplication	disease			
		r	disease			
	ety disorde ma		itis			
			plood pressure			
			y disease			
		ur vein or lungs □ Kidne	y or bladder problems			
□ Brea	st cancer_		penia			
	n cancer_		porosis			
□ Depr	ression	□ Ovaria	an cancer			
		□ Other	cancer			
	cholestero		iatric illness			
□ Gast	rointestina	l problems □ Pancr	eatic Cancer			
□ Head	daches or r	migraines □ Thyro	id problems			
□ Othe	er:		in D deficiency			
2 Victimit D denotatory						
Is blood	d transfusio	on acceptable in an emergency? Yes No. Have you ever	ver received a blood transfusion? □ Yes □ No			
Geneti	cs Screen	ing and Teratology Counseling				
		aby's father, or anyone in either family with :				
menance pearson, was joi action, or any one in ordine rathing than						
Υ	N	Patient's age > 35 years on delivery date				
Ϋ́	N	Thalassemia (Italian, Greek, Mediterranean, or Asian back	karound)			
Ϋ́	N	Neural tube defect (meningomyelocele, spina bifida, or an				
Ϋ́	N	Congenital heart defect	onoopnarj,			
Y	N	Down syndrome				
			andian)			
Y	N	Tay-Sachs disease (Ashkenazi Jewish, Cajun, French Car	naulan)			
Y	N	Canavan disease (Ashkenazi Jewish)				
Y	N	Familial dysautonomia				
Y	N	Sickle cell disease or sickle cell trait				
Υ	N	Hemophilia or blood disorder				
Υ	N	Muscular dystrophy				
Υ	N	Cystic fibrosis				
Υ	N	Huntington's chorea				
Υ	N	Mental retardationif yes, was the person tested for Frag	ile X?			
Y	N	Autism—if yes, was the person tested for Fragile X?				
Ϋ́	N	Varicella				
	-	and the second s				

Name:			Tidewater Physicians for Women			
SSN:		DOB:	New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire (conto			
		0,1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,				
Y	N		osomal disorder			
Y	N	Maternal metabolic disease (ex.:				
Y	N					
Y	N Medications or illicit/recreational drug use since last menstrual period					
Infectio	n					
Υ	N	Live with someone with TB or exp	nosed to TR			
Ϋ́	N	Pet cats indoor/outdoor	00000 (0 1 B			
Ϋ́	N	Viral illness with rash since last n	nenstrual period			
Ϋ́	N	Patient or partner with known her				
Dates o	f Vaccin	es				
MMR		Rubella	Tetanus			
Surgica	l History	/: (Mark all that apply and date su	rgery performed): □ I have not had any surgeries.			
_	-					
□ Abdo	minoplas	ty	□ Breast biopsy			
□ Apper	ndectomy	y	Breast implants			
□ Baria	tric (gastr	ric bypass)	□ Lump removed from breast			
□ Chole	cystecto	my (gallbladder)	□ Mastectomy			
□ Multip	le abdon	ninal surgeries	□ Thyroid surgery			
□ Dilata	tion & cu	rettage (D&C)	☐ LEEP/cone biopsy			
		ancy	☐ Myomectomy			
□ Endo	metrial at	plation	□ Ovary removal: □ Both □ □ Left □ □ Right			
□ Hvste	roscopy		□ Ovarian cyst removed			
□ I anar	nscony f	or				
□ Lapa	otomy (a	bdominal exploration)	□ Tubal ligation □ Left □ Right			
		Bacimilai exploration)	= 1 100 1011101011.			
□ No br □ Breas □ Colon □ Ovari	east, gyn t cancer_ cancer_ an cance	necologic, colon cancer or malignant	□ Uterine/endometrial cancer □ Malignant melanoma □ Pancreatic Cancer			
Social I	listory:					
Occupa	tion/empl	loyer				
Have yo	Numb		Age at first sexual intercourse Number of lifetime partners Protected sex? Oral sex? □ Both			
Smoking	g Status:	□ Never Smoked □ Former smo	oker, quit when □ Current Smoker: How many a day?			
	currently		Have you had problems with alcohol? □ Yes □ No □ Marijuana □ Cocaine □ Heroin □ Narcotic dependence □ Other			
Have yo	u been ti	reated for a drug or alcohol problem	in the past? □ No □ Yes			
Have yo	u experie	enced:				
		nestic abuse?				
	□ Phys	sical abuse?	□ None			
Since w	nu have h	peen pregnant, have you been:				
Silioc y		Slapped, Kicked or Physically Hurt	□ Forced To Have Sexual Activities			
		itionally Abused By Someone	□ None			
	0		- 110110			

Name: SSN: DOB:			Tidewater Physicians for Women New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire (contd)		
Primary Care Physician:					
Patient Pharmacy:					
Tatont Hamaoy.	_ Loodiio	11/1 110			
Pregnancy Outcomes					
<u>Pregnancy #1</u> []Miscarriage date []Abortion date []Birth (if baby delivered, please continue with this section):	ate		[]Ectopic pregnancy date		
Birth date (Month/day/year): Mult	tiple preg	nancy	[]Twins []Triplets []Other		
Hospital/City and state of birth Length of labor Child's pare.	(hrs)	В	irth weightlb oz		
Gender [] Male [] Female Child's name_ Type of birth [] Vaginal [] Cesarean [] Forceps [] Vacu Pregnancy outcome [] Live birth healthy [] Live infant died Anesthesia [] None [] Epidural [] Spinal [] General anesti Symptoms during pregnancy:	uum [] within 28	days	[]Stillborn		
	V	N.I.	Debdoods was a few and the field		
Y N Bleeding during pregnancy Y N Hypertension	Y Y	N N	Polyhydramnios (excess amniotic fluid) Oligohydramnios (inadequate amniotic fluid)		
Y N Pre-eclampsia	Υ	N	Gestational diabetes		
Y N Non reassuring fetal test	Y	N	Premature rupture of membranes		
Y N Incompetent cervix	Υ	N	Premature labor		
Complications during birth:					
Y N Baby born with birth defects	Υ	N	Cervix did not dilate		
Y N Baby showed signs of distress in labor	Υ	N	Labor did not progress		
Y N Bleeding in labor	Y	N	Baby did not come down		
Y N Infection/fever in labor Y N Positive Group B strep	Y Y	N N	Baby was breech Failed VBAC		
Y N Positive Group B strep Y N Pre-eclampsia with magnesium sulfate used	Y	N	Induction of labor		
Y N Premature birth	Ϋ́	N	Shoulder dystocia		
Y N Baby went to newborn intensive care	Υ	N	Other birth complication:		
Symptoms during postpartum:					
Y N Blood transfusion	Υ	N	Postpartum fever		
Y N Poor wound healing of cesarean	Υ	N	Poor wound healing of episiotomy		
Y N Breast infection/mastitis	Υ	N	Retained placenta with D&C		
Y N Excessive bleeding after birth					
Pregnancy #2 []Miscarriage date []Abortion date []Ectopic pregnancy date []Birth (if baby delivered, please continue with this section):					
Birth date (Month/day/year): Multiple pregnancy []Twins []Triplets []Other Hospital/City and state of birth Delivering physician					
Weeks of gestation Length of labor (hrs) Birth weight lb oz					
Gender [] Male [] Female Child's name Type of birth [] Vaginal [] Cesarean [] Forceps [] Vacuum [] Vaginal delivery after previous cesarean section					
Pregnancy outcome []Live birth healthy []Live infant died within 28 days []Stillborn					
Anesthesia []None []Epidural []Spinal []General anesthesia []Other					

Naı					Tidewater Physicians for Women			
SSI	V :	DOB:			New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire (contd)			
Symptoms during pregnancy:								
Υ	N	Bleeding during pregnancy	Υ	N	Polyhydramnios (excess amniotic fluid)			
Ϋ́	N	Hypertension	Ϋ́	N	Oligohydramnios (inadequate amniotic fluid)			
Ϋ́	N	Pre-eclampsia	Ϋ́	N	Gestational diabetes			
Ϋ́	N	Non reassuring fetal test	Ϋ́	N	Premature rupture of membranes			
Ÿ	N	Incompetent cervix	Ϋ́	N	Premature labor			
Со	mplic	ations during birth:						
Υ	N	Baby born with birth defects	Υ	N	Cervix did not dilate			
Ϋ́	N	Baby showed signs of distress in labor	Ϋ́	N	Labor did not progress			
Ϋ́	N	Bleeding in labor	Ϋ́	N	Baby did not come down			
Ϋ́	N	Infection/fever in labor	Ϋ́	N	Baby was breech			
Ϋ́	N	Positive Group B strep	Ϋ́	N	Failed VBAC			
Ϋ́	N	Pre-eclampsia with magnesium sulfate used	Ϋ́	N	Induction of labor			
Ϋ́	N	Premature birth	Ϋ́	N	Shoulder dystocia			
Ϋ́	N	Baby went to newborn intensive care	Ϋ́	N	Other birth complication:			
		•			·			
Sy	mptoı	ms during postpartum:						
Υ	N	Blood transfusion	Υ	N	Postpartum fever			
Ϋ́	N				Poor wound healing of episiotomy			
Ϋ́	N	Breast infection/mastitis	Y	N	Retained placenta with D&C			
Ϋ́	N	Excessive bleeding after birth	·					
[]	Pregnancy #3 []Miscarriage date []Abortion date []Ectopic pregnancy date []Birth (if baby delivered, please continue with this section):							
Bir	th date	e (Month/day/year): M City and state of birth	ultiple preg	nancy	y []Twins []Triplets []Other Delivering physician			
We	spilai/ seks n	f gestation Length of labor	(hrs)	Ri	irth weight lb oz			
Ge	Gender [] Male [] Female Child's name							
				lVagir	nal delivery after previous cesarean section			
Type of birth []Vaginal []Cesarean []Forceps []Vacuum []Vaginal delivery after previous cesarean section Pregnancy outcome []Live birth healthy []Live infant died within 28 days []Stillborn								
Anesthesia []None []Epidural []Spinal []General anesthesia []Other								
		and []braness []		.]				
Symptoms during pregnancy:								
Υ	N	Bleeding during pregnancy	Υ	N	Polyhydramnios (excess amniotic fluid)			
Υ	N	Hypertension	Y	N	Oligohydramnios (inadequate amniotic fluid)			
Υ	Ν	Pre-eclampsia	Υ	Ν	Gestational diabetes			
Υ	Ν	Non reassuring fetal test	Υ	Ν	Premature rupture of membranes			
Υ	Ν	Incompetent cervix	Υ	Ν	Premature labor			
Complications during birth:								
	•	•	V	N.I	Comity did not dilete			
Y	N	Baby born with birth defects	Y	N	Cervix did not dilate			
Y	N	Baby showed signs of distress in labor	Y	N	Labor did not progress			
Y	N	Bleeding in labor	Y	N	Baby did not come down			
Y	N	Infection/fever in labor	Y	N N	Baby was breech Failed VBAC			
Y	N	Pro colombia with magnesium sulfate used	Y					
Y	N N	Pre-eclampsia with magnesium sulfate used Premature birth	Y	N N	Induction of labor			
Y Y	N N	Baby went to newborn intensive care	Y Y	N	Shoulder dystocia Other birth complication:			
	. •	Easy work to nonsorn interiore date		1.4	Caro, birar comprisation.			

Name:		Tidewater Physicians for Women
SSN:	DOB:	New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire (contd)

Symptoms during postpartum:

YNBlood transfusionYNPostpartum feverYNPoor wound healing of cesareanYNPoor wound healing of episiotomyYNBreast infection/mastitisYNRetained placenta with D&CYNExcessive bleeding after birth

(Your previous pregnancy histories can impact your current pregnancy. If you have had more than three pregnancies, please ask the staff for additional Pregnancy History forms.)

SSN:	DOB:			New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire (pregnancies contd)		
<u>Pregnancy #4</u> []Miscarriage date []Abortion date []Ectopic pregnancy date []Birth (if baby delivered, please continue with this section):						
Birth date (Month/day/year): Multiple pregnancy []Twins []Triplets []Other Hospital/City and state of birth Delivering physician Weeks of gestation Length of labor (hrs) Birth weight lb oz						
Weeks of Gender	of gestation Length of labor [] Male [] Female Child's i	(hrs) name	Bi	th weightlb oz		
Type of Pregnan	birth []Vaginal []Cesarean []Forceps [cy outcome []Live birth healthy []Live infan sia []None []Epidural []Spinal []General]Vacuum [] t died within 28	Vagin days	[]Stillborn		
Symptor	ns during pregnancy:					
Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N	Bleeding during pregnancy Hypertension Pre-eclampsia Non reassuring fetal test Incompetent cervix	Y Y Y Y	N N N N	Polyhydramnios (excess amniotic fluid) Oligohydramnios (inadequate amniotic fluid) Gestational diabetes Premature rupture of membranes Premature labor		
Complica	ations during birth:					
Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N	Baby born with birth defects Baby showed signs of distress in labor Bleeding in labor Infection/fever in labor Positive Group B strep Pre-eclampsia with magnesium sulfate used Premature birth Baby went to newborn intensive care	Y Y Y Y Y Y	N N N N N N	Cervix did not dilate Labor did not progress Baby did not come down Baby was breech Failed VBAC Induction of labor Shoulder dystocia Other birth complication:		
Sympton	ns during postpartum:					
Y N Y N Y N Y N	Blood transfusion Poor wound healing of cesarean Breast infection/mastitis Excessive bleeding after birth	Y Y Y	N N N	Postpartum fever Poor wound healing of episiotomy Retained placenta with D&C		
<u>Pregnancy #5</u> []Miscarriage date []Abortion date []Ectopic pregnancy date []Birth (if baby delivered, please continue with this section):						
Birth date (Month/day/year): Multiple pregnancy []Twins []Triplets []Other Hospital/City and state of birth Delivering physician Weeks of gestation Length of labor (hrs) Birth weight b oz Gender [] Male [] Female Child's name Type of birth []Vaginal []Cesarean []Forceps []Vacuum []Vaginal delivery after previous cesarean section Pregnancy outcome []Live birth healthy []Live infant died within 28 days []Stillborn Anesthesia []None []Epidural []Spinal []General anesthesia []Other						
Symptoms during pregnancy:						
Y N Y N Y N Y N Y N	Bleeding during pregnancy Hypertension Pre-eclampsia Non reassuring fetal test Incompetent cervix	Y Y Y Y	N N N N	Polyhydramnios (excess amniotic fluid) Oligohydramnios (inadequate amniotic fluid) Gestational diabetes Premature rupture of membranes Premature labor		

Nar SSN		DOB:			Tidewater Physicians for Women New Obstetric Patient Questionnaire (contd)	
Complications during birth:						
Y Y Y Y Y Y	N N N N N N N	Baby born with birth defects Baby showed signs of distress in labor Bleeding in labor Infection/fever in labor Positive Group B strep Pre-eclampsia with magnesium sulfate used Premature birth Baby went to newborn intensive care	Y Y Y Y Y Y	N N N N N N	Cervix did not dilate Labor did not progress Baby did not come down Baby was breech Failed VBAC Induction of labor Shoulder dystocia Other birth complication:	
Syr	mpton	ns during postpartum:				
Y Y Y Y	N N N	Blood transfusion Poor wound healing of cesarean Breast infection/mastitis Excessive bleeding after birth	Y Y	N	Poor wound healing of episiotomy Retained placenta with D&C	
<u>Pre</u>][e <i>gnar</i> Birth	ncy #6 []Miscarriage date []Abortion data figure (if baby delivered, please continue with this section):	te		[]Ectopic pregnancy date	
Birth date (Month/day/year): Multiple pregnancy []Twins []Triplets []Other Hospital/City and state of birth Delivering physician Weeks of gestation Length of labor (hrs) Birth weight lb oz Gender [] Male [] Female Child's name Type of birth []Vaginal []Cesarean []Forceps []Vacuum []Vaginal delivery after previous cesarean section Pregnancy outcome []Live birth healthy []Live infant died within 28 days []Stillborn Anesthesia []None []Epidural []Spinal []General anesthesia []Other						
Syr	mpton	ns during pregnancy:				
Y Y Y Y	N N N N	Bleeding during pregnancy Hypertension Pre-eclampsia Non reassuring fetal test Incompetent cervix	Y Y Y Y	N N N N	Polyhydramnios (excess amniotic fluid) Oligohydramnios (inadequate amniotic fluid) Gestational diabetes Premature rupture of membranes Premature labor	
Complications during birth:						
Y Y Y Y Y Y	N N N N N N	Baby born with birth defects Baby showed signs of distress in labor Bleeding in labor Infection/fever in labor Positive Group B strep Pre-eclampsia with magnesium sulfate used Premature birth Baby went to newborn intensive care	Y Y Y Y Y Y	N N N N N N	Cervix did not dilate Labor did not progress Baby did not come down Baby was breech Failed VBAC Induction of labor Shoulder dystocia Other birth complication:	
Symptoms during postpartum:						
Y Y Y	N N N	Blood transfusion Poor wound healing of cesarean Breast infection/mastitis Excessive bleeding after birth	Y Y Y	N N N	Postpartum fever Poor wound healing of episiotomy Retained placenta with D&C	

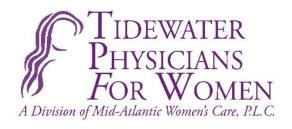


Photo and Social Media Consent Form

In accordance with the HIPAA privacy act we must have your consent to display any photograph or digital image of you or your child. With your consent we may post photographs, birth announcements, or holiday cards, etc., on social media or to our practice bulletin board. If you do not wish to have your photo, or the photo of your child posted in our offices or on our social media sites, then please do not send or give our staff any photographs or digital images of you or your baby. You must give us consent to display your photo before you post images or PHI to our social media sites. Your photograph is considered protected health information. Providing us with your photograph in any format, in any media form, will be deemed consent for us to use or disclose this PHI on our social media or our practice bulletin board.

With my affixed signature below, I hereby authorize Tidewater Physicians for Women use of my photo, image, and/or likeness for the reasons listed above without any initial or future expectation of compensation.

Signature	Date
Printed Name	
Witness Signature	Date